## **MODEL PAPER 161**



## FOOD GRAINS SUPERVISORS (BPS-09) in the Punjab Food Department

	the runjab r	Jou	Department
1.	Which Province of Pakistan has the largest area?  (A) Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (B) Punjab (C) Sindh (D) Baluchistan	7.	(D) Sir Syed  Which of the following is not a member of Economic Cooperation Organisation (ECO):  (A) Pakistan  (B) Afghanistan  (C) Chechnya  (D) Kazakhstan
2.	The border between Pakistan and Afghanistan is known as:  (A) Khyber Pass  (B) Shahrah-e-Resham	8.	Percentage of women in the Population of Pakistan is:  (A) 54%  (B) 51%  (C) 49%  (D) None of these
	(D) Boland Pass	9.	Rank of Pakistan according to Population Size in the world is:  (B) 8th
3.	Pakhtunkhwa? (A) 2008 (B) 2009 (C) 2010 (D) 2011	10.	(C) 9th (D) None of these The national flower of Pakistan is: (A) Tulip (B) Rose (C) Jasmine (D) Sunflower
4.	founded in: (A) 1884 (C) 1890 (B) 1886 (D) 1891	11.	Boundary Line between China and India is called:  (A) Red Line (B) McMahon Line (C) Package Line (D) None of these
5.	13th April: (A) 1913 (C) 1917 (B) 1915 (D) 1919	12.	During British rule in India, in 1905, Bengal was partitioned by:  (A) Lord Minto (B) Lord Simla (C) Radcliffe (D) Lord Curzon
6.	The pamphlet "Now or Never" was written by:  (A) Allama Iqbal  (B) Chaudhry Rehmat Ali  (C) Quaid-e-Azam	13.	Simla Deputation (October 1906) consisted of Muslim leaders?  (A) 18  (B) 35

(D) 50

14. The demand for 'Separate Electorte' in India by the Muslims was accepted in?

(A) 1906 (C) 1919

(B) 1909 (D) 1935

15. India's Partition plan was announced on?

(B) July 3, 1947

(A) June 3, 1947 (C) July 18, 1947

(D) August 14, 1947

16. Which Indian Muslim leader was buried in Jerusalem?

Maulana Muhammad Ali Jauhar

(B) Nawab Vigarul Mulk

(C) Sir Sayyed Ahmad Khan

(D) Maulvi Fazlul Haq

17. Who was the last Viceroy of India?

(A) Lord Wavell

(B) Lord Mountbatten

(C) Lord Linlinthgow (D) Lord Cripps

18. Who was the last Governor General of Pakistan?

(A) Quaid-i-Azam

(B) Ghulam Muhammad

Iskandar Mirza

(D) Ayub Khan

19. Objectives Resolution was passed in?

(A) 1940

(B) 1949

(C) 1974 (D) 1985

20. Who was the Indian Prime Minister to sign Tashkent Declaration with Pakistan?

A) Jawahar Lal Nehru (B) Lal Bahadur Shastri

(C) Indira Ghandi

(D) Atal Behari Vajpai

21. Quaid-i-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah joined Muslim League in?

> (A) 1906 (C) 1913

(B) 1911 (D) 1916

22. Allahabad Address by Allama Iqbal was delivered in?

(A) 1906

(B) 1930

(0) 1930

(D) 1938

23. Which Indian Muslim leader moved the Pakistan Resolution at the All India Muslim League Session held in Lahore in 1940?

(A) Maulvi Fazal ul Haq (B) Maulana Bashani

(C) Maulana Fazal-ur-Rehman

(D) Maulana Shibli Naumani

24. The 1st Prime Minister of Pakistan, Liaqat Ali Khan, was assassinated on?

(A) December 16, 1951

(B) October 16, 1951 (C) September 16, 1951

(D) November 16, 1951

25. Simla Agreement between India and Pakistan was signed in? (A) 1960

1972

(B) 1966 (D) 1988

26. Hazrat Sheikh Ali Bin Usman Hajweri (Data

Ganj Bukhsh) came to India during the time of

(A) Mughals (C) Tughluq

(B) Khiljis (D) Ghaznavi

The normal temperature of the human body is:

(A) 98.4 °F

(B) 96.4 °F

(C) 93.4 °F

(D) 100 °F

28. Capital of Myanmar 11 is:

(A) Yangoon

(B) Rangoon

(C) Colombo

(D) Khulna

29. World Population Day is celebrated on:

(A) 11th July (C) 11th May (B) 11th June (D) None of these

30. World Water Day is celeberated on:

(B) 22nd June

(A) 22nd March (C) 22nd July

(D) None of these

31. World Literacy Day is celebrated on:

(A) 5th September

(B) 6th September

(C) 8th September

(D) None of these

32. Greenwich mean time passes through

(A) Ireland

(B) Morocco

is the nearest planet to Earth:

Mali

(D) None of these

Venus

(C) Jupiter

(B) Mars (D) None of these

34. Distance between the Earth and Sun during winter:

(A) Increases (B) decreases

(C) remains the same(D) fluctuates

35. Which country has the largest Muslim population in the world?

(A) Iran

(B) India

(C) Indonesia

(D) Saudi Arabia

36. Which city was once known as Constantinople?

(A) Cairo (C) Istanbul

(B) Qum

(D) California 37. What is the common name for sodium chloride?

(A) Acid (C) Gandhak

(B) Qalmi Shora (D) Salt

38. What is chlorophyl's colour?

(A) Green · (C) Red

(B) Yellow (D) Black

39. In which European City are the Headquarters of the Red Cross?

(A) New York (C) Holland

(B) Belgium

(D) Geneva 40. Which city is capital of Sri Lanka<sup>12</sup>?

Colombo is the executive judicial & commercial capital, and largest city of Sri Lanka. It is located on the

Yangon; also known as Rangoon, literally: "End of Strife") is a former capital of Burma (Myanmar) and the capital of Yangon Region. Yangon is the country's largest city and is the most important commercial centre, although the military government officially relocated the capital to Naypyidaw in March 2006.

(A) Colombo (C) Khatmandu

(B) Chittagong (D) Rajshahi

41. Who erected the Taj Mahal in memory of his

(A) Jahangir (C) Akbar

(B) Shah Jahan (D) Humayun

42. Who is the founder of modern Republic of

(A) Caliph Abdul Majeed

(B) Tariq Bin Ziyad (C) Mustafa Kamal

(D) Babrak

43. What is the boiling point of water? (A) 60 °C

(C) 100 °C

(B) 80 °C (D) 120 °C

44. Which continent is called a Dark Continent?

(A) Africa (C) Asia

(B) Europe (D) America

45. Who wrote "Heer Ranjha"?

(A) Waris Shah (B) Bulleh Shah (C) Sultan Bahu

(D) Mian Muhammad Bux

46. Faiz Ahmad Faiz 13 was:

(A) A Poet (B) A Journalist

(C) An amry personnel

west coast of the island and adjacent to Sri JayawardenepuraKotte, the legislative capital of Sri Lanka. Colombo is often referred to as the capital since Sri Jayawardenapura Kotte is within the urban area of, and a satellite city of, Colombo. It is the official capital

city of Sri Lanka. On 11 May 1942, Faiz was commissioned in the British Indian Army as a second lieutenant in the 18th Royal Garhwal Rifles. Initially assigned as a public relations officer in the General Staff Branch, Faiz received rapid promotions in succession to acting captain on 18 July 1942, war-substantive lieutenant and temporary captain on 1 November 1942, acting major on 19 November 1943 and to temporary major and war-substantive captain on 19 February 1944. On 30 December 1944, he received a desk assignment as an assistant director of public relations on the staff of the North-Western Army, with the local rank of lieutenant-colonel. For his service, he was appointed a Member of the Order of the British Empire, Military Division (MBE) in the 1945 New Year Honours list. Faiz served with a unit led by Akbar Khan, a left-wing officer and future Pakistan Army general. He remained in the army for a short period after the war, receiving promotion to acting lieutenant-colonel in 1945 and to war-substantive major and temporary lieutenantcolonel on 19 February 1946. In 1947, Faiz opted for the newly established State of Pakistan. However, after witnessing the 1947 Kashmir war with India, Faiz decided to leave the army and submitted his resignation in 1947.

801 Punjab Food Department (D) All the above 47. Holy Prophet (PBUH) was born in (B) 569 A.D (D) 571 A.D (A) 568 A.D (C) 570 A.D 48. In "Azaan", how many times the word "Allah-o-Akbar" is recited? (A) 4 (D) 7 (C) 6 49. Which Surah of Holy Quran was the first to be revealed? (B) Al Bagrah (A) Al Hamd (D) Al Rahman (C) Al Alaq

50. Who for the first time started the construction of Holy Kaaba? (B) Hazrat Ismail (A) Hazrat Nuh

(D) Hazrat Adam (C) Hazrat Ibrahim

51. According to Treaty of Hudaibiya, a truce (peace) was declared between Muslims and \_ years. Quraish for \_\_\_

(B) 7 (A) 5 (D) 12 (C) 10

52. Torat was revealed on the prophet:

(A) Hazrat Musa (B) Hazrat Isa

(C) Hazrat Muhammad (PBUH)

(D) Hazrat Daud

53. The longest Surah in Holy Quran is:
(A) Al-Imran
(B) Al Nisa

(A) Al-Imran ((C) Al-Bagrah

(D) Al Maida

54. When Hajj was made obligatory? (A) 2 A.H (B) 5 A.H

(D) 9 A.H (C) 7 A.H

55. Which Surah does not start with Bismillah? (A) Al Tauba (B) Al Nas (D) Al Naml (C) Al Noor

56. In which Surah Bismillah has occurred twice?

(A) Nahal (C) Al Nas

(B) Al Tauba (D) Al Naml

57. The name of the fifth Kalimah is:

(A) Kalima Tauheed (B) Kalima Shahdat (C) Kalima Istighfar (D) Kalima Tamjeed

58. Which is the 12th month of the Islamic Year?

(A) Muharam (C) Shawal

(B) Rajab (D) Zilhaj

59. Identify the last Ghazwa in which the Prophet Hazrat (PBUH) participated.

(A) Mutah (C) Hunain (B) Tabuk (D) Ahzab

60. Hazrat Yousuf was the son of:

(A) Hazrat ishaq (C) Hazrat Ismail (B) Hazrat Yaqoob (D) Hazrat Loot

61. Which surah of the Holy Quran is called the heart of the Quran

(A) Surah Al-Ikhlas (C) Surah Al-Bagra

(B) Surah Ya Sin (D) Sura Ar-Rehman

62. In which language Injeel was revealed? (B) Arabic (A) Hebrew

78. One who is capable of dealing with many

Hazrat Abu Bakar's (ra) Caliphate lasted for 27

77. In a sentence "no sooner is always followed

(B) As

(D) Then

by

(A)

That

Than

subjects is called: (B) Intellectual (A) Genius (D) Vulnerable (C) Versatile 79. What is the one word substitution for a person who is unable to pay his debt: (A) Poor (B) Vegabond (D) Insolvent (C) Solvent 80. His silence to refusal (B) is tantamount (A) Tantamounts (C) Is tantamounting (D) tantamounted 81. Pick the wrong word: (A) Transpyre (B) Transfer (D) Tranquility (C) Tranquil 82. The husband ruled by his wife is called: (A) Penpricked (B) Henpecked (C) Indebted (D) Liquidator 83. The workman may seek indulgence Labour Court for his guaranteed rights: (A) of (B) to (C) in (D) for 84. Which is the correct sentence: (A) I am sick by your lies (B) I am sick from your lies
I am sick of your lies (D) I am sick to your lies 85. Which is the correct sentence: (A) He brushed on my argument (B) He brushed aside my argument (C) He brushed to my argument (D) He brushed over my argument 86. Fill in the blank: The swimmers should avoid contaminated swimming pool. (A) entering (B) being entered (C) entered (D) have entered 87. The noun from of the verb "excite" is: (A) Exciting (B) excited (C) excitatement (D) excitement 88. احمان دانش كادور حيات: ←1990 r 1920 (B) ← 1982r 1914 (B) ←1988 r 1935 (D) ←1986 r 1930 (C) 89. خوشاء سى كى تصنيف ؟؟ الم سياحمان (A) مولاناالطاف حين عالى (D) كرال فحد خال 90. كمانى ابهروبياكس كى تصنيف ؟ (B) بطرس بخارى (D) صوفی تمبم 91. 'پاکتان بن گیا، کس کی تصنیف ہے؟



	Punjab Food Department 803											
	(A) کثور نامید (B) بانو قد سیه					پنڈت رتن ناتھ سرشار کوکیا کہا جاتا ہے					.96	
غد يجه مستور	(C) پوين شاکر (C) فديج متور				ر) شکینیر (B) در در تھ							
	اابوار ڈو پاگیا؟	ول "آنگن "كوكون				اكثر والس	(D)		لس ڈ کنز	16 (0)		
لكس بالمرائيل بالعارة	(B)	ول من ورف A) آسکرایوارڈ	1.92									
\$14112 · 7	(6)	A) اسرابوارد	)			وت ہے؟	م كانمايان تب	ساج کے سم	لون ساناول ماناول	پ-اچره (۸)	.31	
ادم. ي اد بي الوارد	(4)	C) صدارتی ایواردٔ	)		44	إزارحس	(B)		ران عمل	S (A)		
	مضمون 'و قارالملک ' س کی تصنیف ہے؟				1)	مراوجان	(D)		دان	(ك) كو		
مولوي عبدالحق	(B)	A) مفتی محود	)				9	صنیف ہے	امتا مس کی آ	مضمون م	.98	
		C) غلام رسول مير			5	حدنديم قا	(3)		لاالحق قاسمى	25 (A)		
						ر مج چند	(D)		رزااديب	/ (C)		
		ردوز بان کے پہلے ناول					Si- 13	- 1- al	ال د الماري	غال کی	.99	
		A) منتی پریم چند			1868-	1803	(B)	186	9-179	7 (A)		
		C) عبدالكريم شرر			1978-	1900	(D)	187	9-179 8-180	0 (C)		
م شرر جیے صاحب قلم کس	ر اور مولانا عبدالحليم	ندرتن ناتھ سرشا	.95		5 7 30	ہے کیا تعلق	ر زاغالب_	ن بحروح	ر مهدی حسی	4 .	100	
١٠٠٠	نلق رکھتے تھے؟	ندستان کے علاقہ سے تع	7			ر شته دار	(B)		ائی	ø. (A)		
. b	(A) لا بمور (B) و بلي				(A) بھائی (B) رشتہ دار (C) دوست (D) بیوی کے بھائی							
O.	(D)	المعنو المعنو										
0))	(0)		nswe A	er <b>Ke</b> y 53.	C	66.	C	79.	D	92. 93.	D B	
1. D 14.	B 27.		В	54.	DA	67. 68.	B	80. 81.	BA	94.	В	
2. C 15.	A 29.	A 42.	CC	55. 56.	D	69. 70.	A	82. 83.	B	95. 96.	CC	
A B 17.	B 30.	C 44.	A	57. 58.	CD	71.	В	84. 85.	СВ	97. 98.	B	
5. D 18. 6. B 19.	В 32.	A 46.	DD	59. 60.	B	72. 73.	ВВ	86.	A	99.	Α	
7. C 20.	C 34.	B 47.	C	61. 62.	B	74. 75.	CC	87. 88.	DA	100.	C	
o. A 22.	C 35.	C 49.	CD	63.	D	76. 77.	DC	89. 90.	B			
10. C 23.	B 37.	D 50.	CA	64. 65.	DA	78.	C	91.	D			
12. D 25.	C 39.	D 52.	+++	+++	* *							
13. B 20.												